

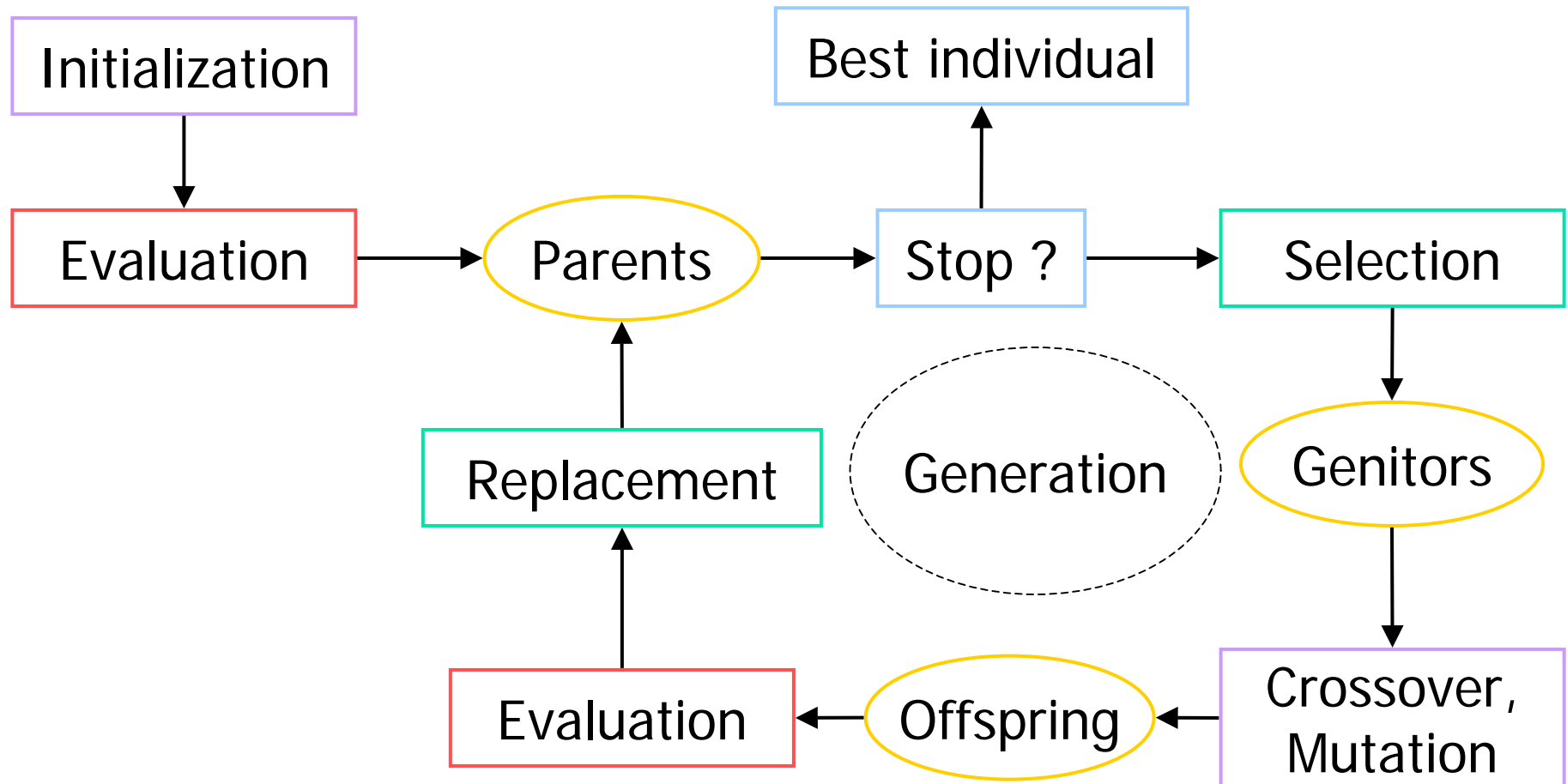
PARADISEO (PARAllel and DIStributed Evolving Objects)

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Recall : The scheme of an evolutionary algorithm





How does it work ?

- Ideas from natural selection
 - **Survival** of the best-fitted individuals
 - Use of genetic operators
- **Modeling**
 - An environment → A Problem
 - Objects evolving in this environment
→ Solutions to this problem
- **Convergence** of the population to a set of particularly well-fitted individuals

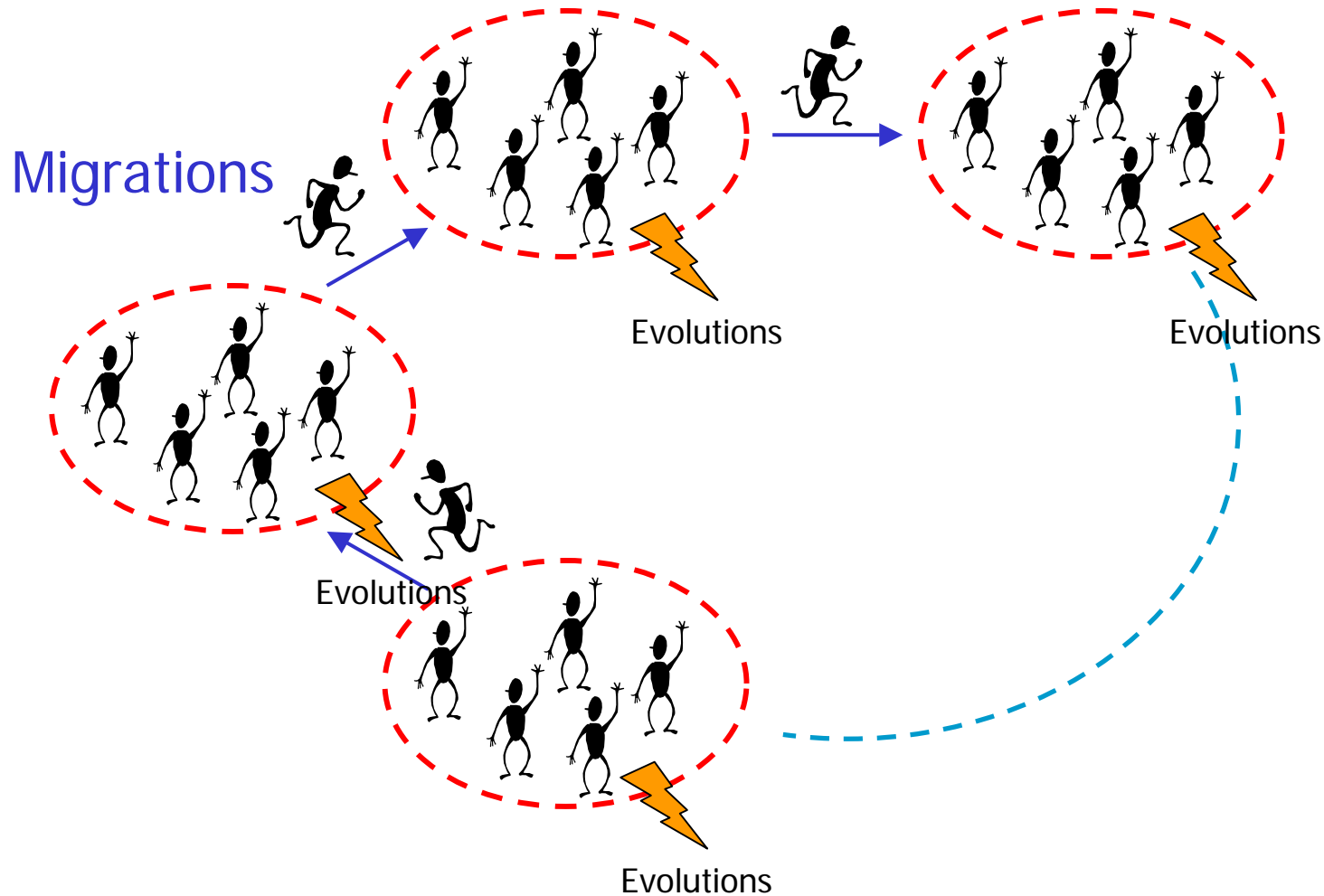


The reasons of the parallelization of E.A.

- E.A. work in a **naturally parallel** way
- High costs
 - **CPU** resources
 - **Memory**
- Obtaining an improved **robustness**

The island model :

A first example





The island model

- A population distributed among a set of islands
- Local work
 - Cycle of evolutions
 - Selection
 - Breeding
 - Replacement
 - (Ir)regular **migrations** of solutions between these colonies



Contribution

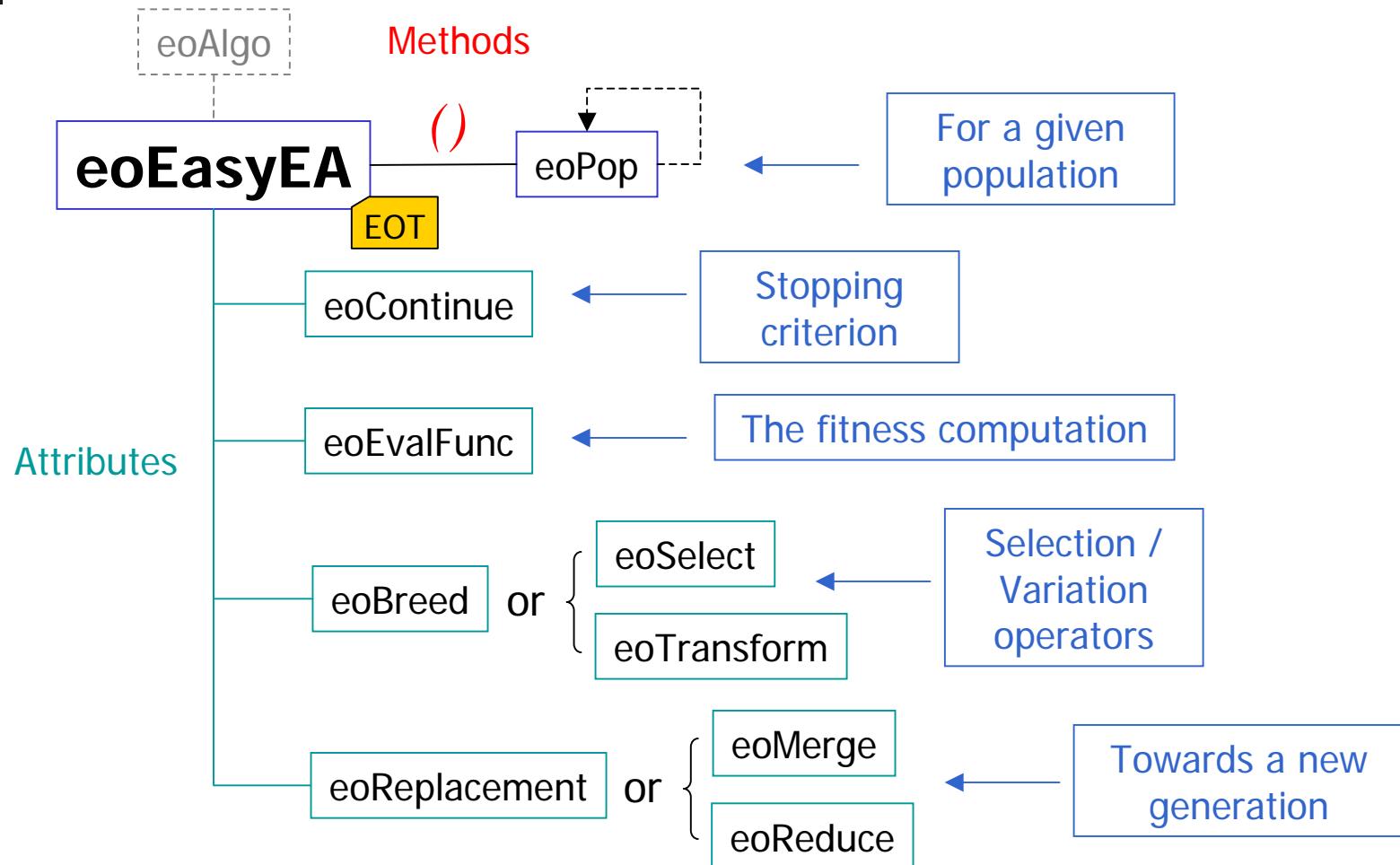
- A delayed convergence of the whole population
 - A significative improved robustness
 - Better solutions



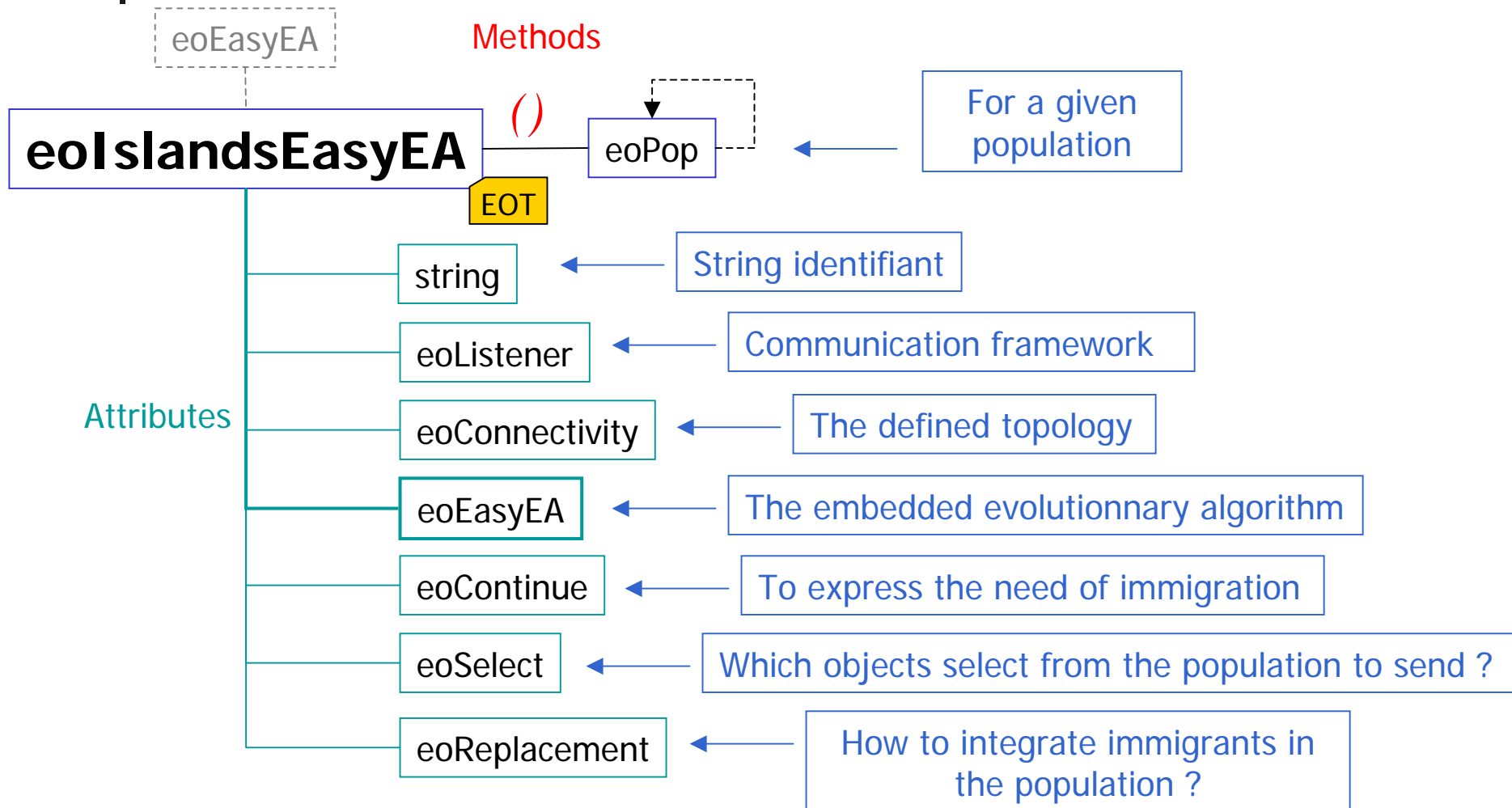
Some parameters

- Communication
 - Synchronous
 - Frequency of migrations
 - Asynchronous
 - Bound to an event (stagnation, ...)
- Composition of such migrations
 - Size (from 1 to 10% of the local population)
 - Selection (elitist, random, ...)
 - Replacement
- The used topology (ring, ...)

The internal structure of an evolutionary algorithm in EO



The islands model in EO



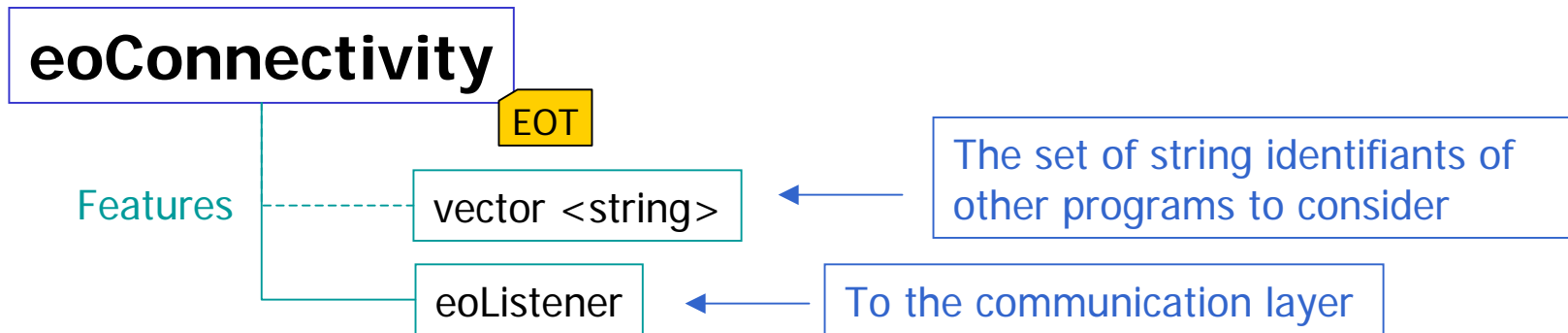


The « eoListener » component

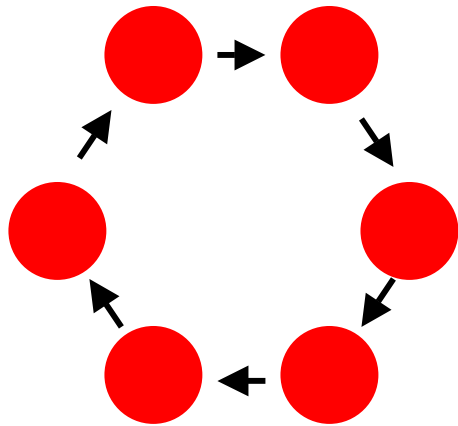
- Necessary to any parallel model
- Parameterized by the type of exchanged objects
- Enables to observe a **global state of the parallel model**
 - Identification of the distributed agents
- Services
 - To **send/receive** objects
 - To express a need of immigration
 - ...
- It must be built once in any program

The « eoConnectivity » component

- An abstract class
- Defines the graph of communication (I/O of any island)

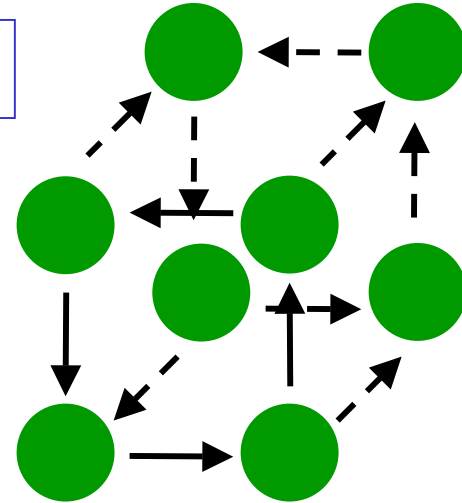
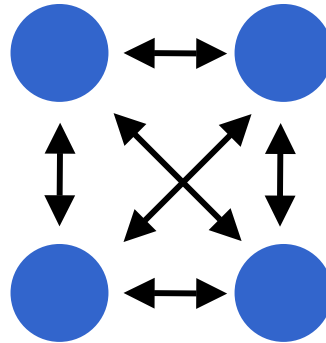


Some predefined topologies



eoRingConnectivity

eoFullConnectivity



eoHyperCubeConnectivity



An example : The easy problem of the « OneMax »

Aim : To maximize the number of 1 in binary strings

The « IslandsEA.cpp » file

```
eoUniformGenerator <bool> uGen ;
eoInitFixedLength <Indi> random (VEC_SIZE, uGen) ;

eoEvalFuncPtr <Indi, double, const vector <bool> & > eval (binary_value) ;
eoPop <Indi> pop (POP_SIZE, random) ;
apply <Indi> (eval, pop) ;

eoDetTournamentSelect <Indi> selectOne(T_SIZE) ;
eoSelectPerc <Indi> select (selectOne) ;

eoGenerationalReplacement<Indi> replace ;

eo1PtBitXover <Indi> xover ;
eoBitMutation <Indi> mutation (P_MUT_PER_BIT) ;
eoSGATransform <Indi> transform (xover, P_CROSS, mutation, P_MUT) ;

eoGenContinue<Indi> genCont (MAX_GEN) ;
```



Le « OneMax » (2)

```
eoEasyEA <Indi> gga (genCont, eval, select, transform, replace) ;

rng.reseed (listen.here ().number ()) ;

vector <string> v ;
v.push_back ("Mars") ;
eoFullConnectivity <Indi> conn (listen, v) ;

eoCyclicGenContinue <Indi> cycl_cont (300) ;

eoRandomSelect <Indi> sel_rand ;
eoSelectMany <Indi> sel (sel_rand, 0.1) ;

eoPlusReplacement <Indi> repl ;

eoIslandsEasyEA <Indi> islpga ("Mars", listen, conn, gga, cycl_cont, sel, repl) ;

islpga (pop) ;
```

The embedded E.A.

Updating the random generator seed

The neighborhood to consider

Expresses a need of immigration every 300 generations

To select emigrants

How to integrate new arrivants ?

The island E.A.

For a given population



Compilation & run

- Communication layer : **MPICH**
- For an homogeneous model
- Compilation

```
→ mpiCC -I. -I${HOME}/src -c IslandBitEA.cpp
```

```
→ mpiCC -o IslandBitEA IslandBitEA.o  
${HOME}/src/utils/libeoutils.a  
${HOME}/src/libeo.a
```

- To build a model of 5 islands

```
→ mpirun -np 5 IslandBitEA
```




Heterogenous models

- Cooperation of heterogeneous E.A. as regards the genetic operators used.
- A new program

The « IslandsEA1.cpp » file

```
eoIPtBitXover <Indi> xover ;
eoBitMutation <Indi> mutation
(P_MUT_PER_BIT) ;

...

vector <string> v ;
v.push_back ("Mars1") ;
v.push_back ("Mars2") ;
...

eoIslandsEasyEA <Indi> islpga
("Mars1", listen, conn, gga,
cycl_cont, sel, repl) ;
...
```

The « IslandsEA2.cpp » file

```
eoUBitXover<Indi> xover ;
eoDetBitFlip<Indi> mutation ;
...

vector <string> v ;
v.push_back ("Mars1") ;
v.push_back ("Mars2") ;
...

eoIslandsEasyEA <Indi> islpga
("Mars2", listen, conn, gga,
cycl_cont, sel, repl) ;
...
```



An example

- Model : 2 « IslandEA1 » + 3 « IslandEA2 »
- Need of a configuration file looking like

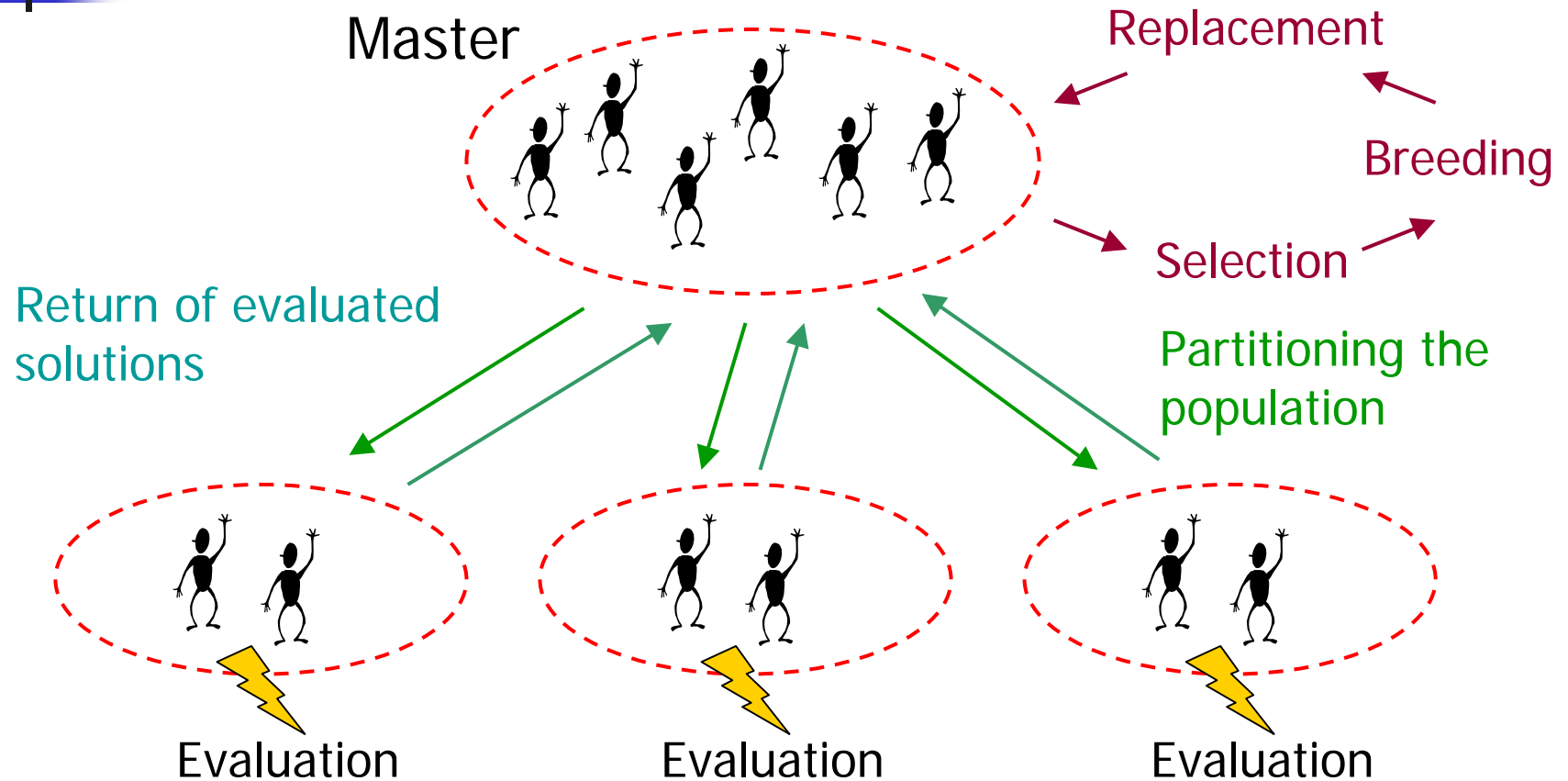
« **IslandEA.conf** »

```
svalbard.eudil.fr 0 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/island/IslandEA1  
wolin.eudil.fr 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/island/IslandEA1  
gotland.eudil.fr 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/island/IslandEA2  
124.12.45.97 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/island/IslandEA2  
124.12.45.98 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/island/IslandEA2
```

- Run

→ `mpirun -p4pg IslandEA.conf IslandEA1`

The parallel evaluation : A first example





The parallel evaluation

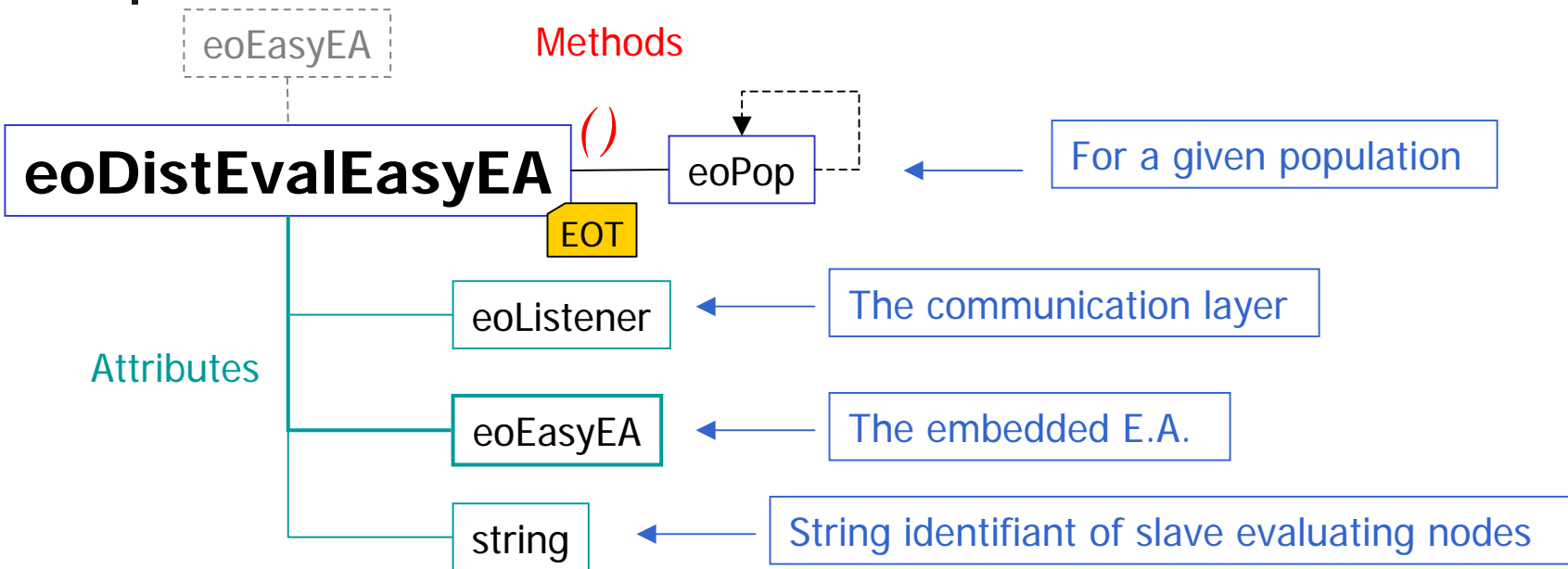
- Why ?
 - Evaluation processes often need high computation time
- A centralized **master/slave** model
 - **Master**
 - Performs the selection/transforming/replacement processes,
 - Distributes its population among the known evaluator nodes
 - **Slave**
 - Receives a sub-population,
 - Evaluates this one,
 - Sends it to the master program.



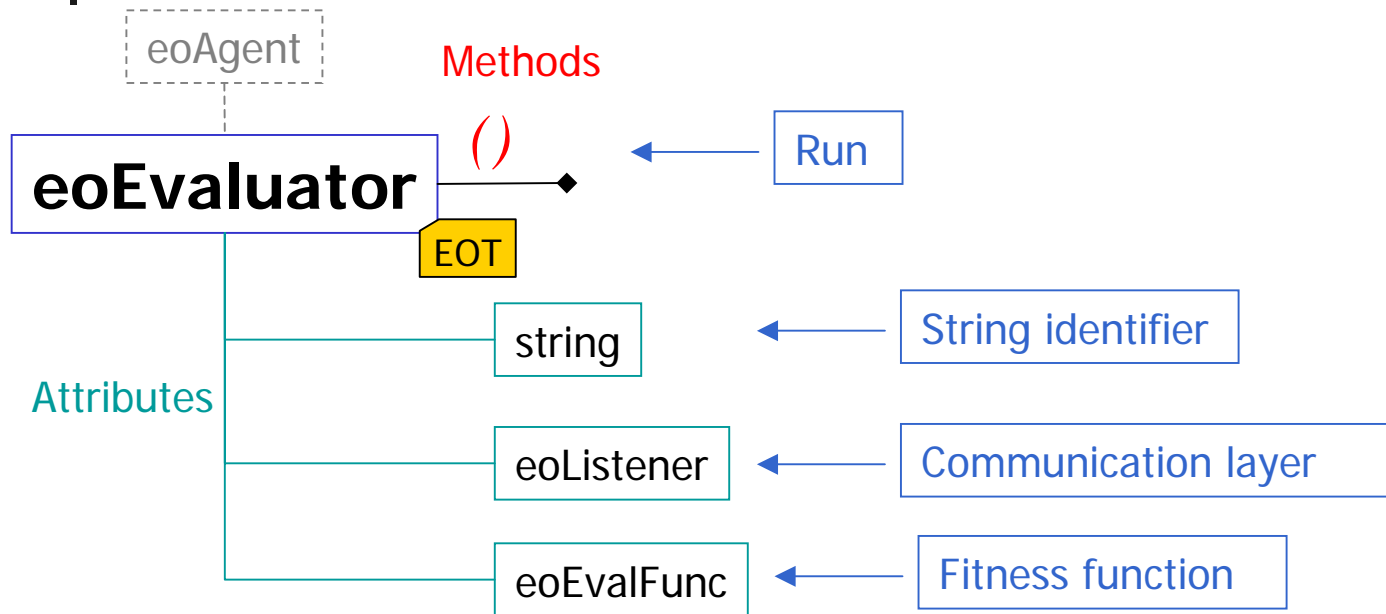
Contribution

- It doesn't alter the initial E.A.
 - Same results should be obtained more quickly
- A good speed-up if the **communication / evaluation** ratio is high

The parallel evaluation model in EO



The parallel evaluation model in EO (2)



- Notion of « agent »
 - Enables a service
 - Permanently runs
 - Waiting for the arrival of new populations



An example : The« OneMax » again

The « MasterDistEvalEA.cpp » file

```
...  
eoEasyEA<Indi> gga (genCont, eval,  
select, transform, replace);  
  
eoListener <Indi> listen  
(argc, argv) ;  
  
eoDistEvalEasyEA <Indi> dist_gga  
(listen, gga, "Mars") ;  
  
dist_gga (pop) ;  
  
listen.destroy ("Mars") ;
```



To destroy evaluating nodes

The « SlaveDistEvalEA.cpp » file

```
...  
eoEvalFuncPtr <Indi, double, const  
vector <bool> & > eval  
(binary_value) ;  
  
eoListener <Indi> listen  
(argc, argv) ;  
  
eoEvaluator <Indi> evaluator  
("Mars", listen, eval) ;  
  
evaluator () ;
```



To launch the evaluating node



The run

- A model with 4 evaluating nodes
- A configuration file looks like

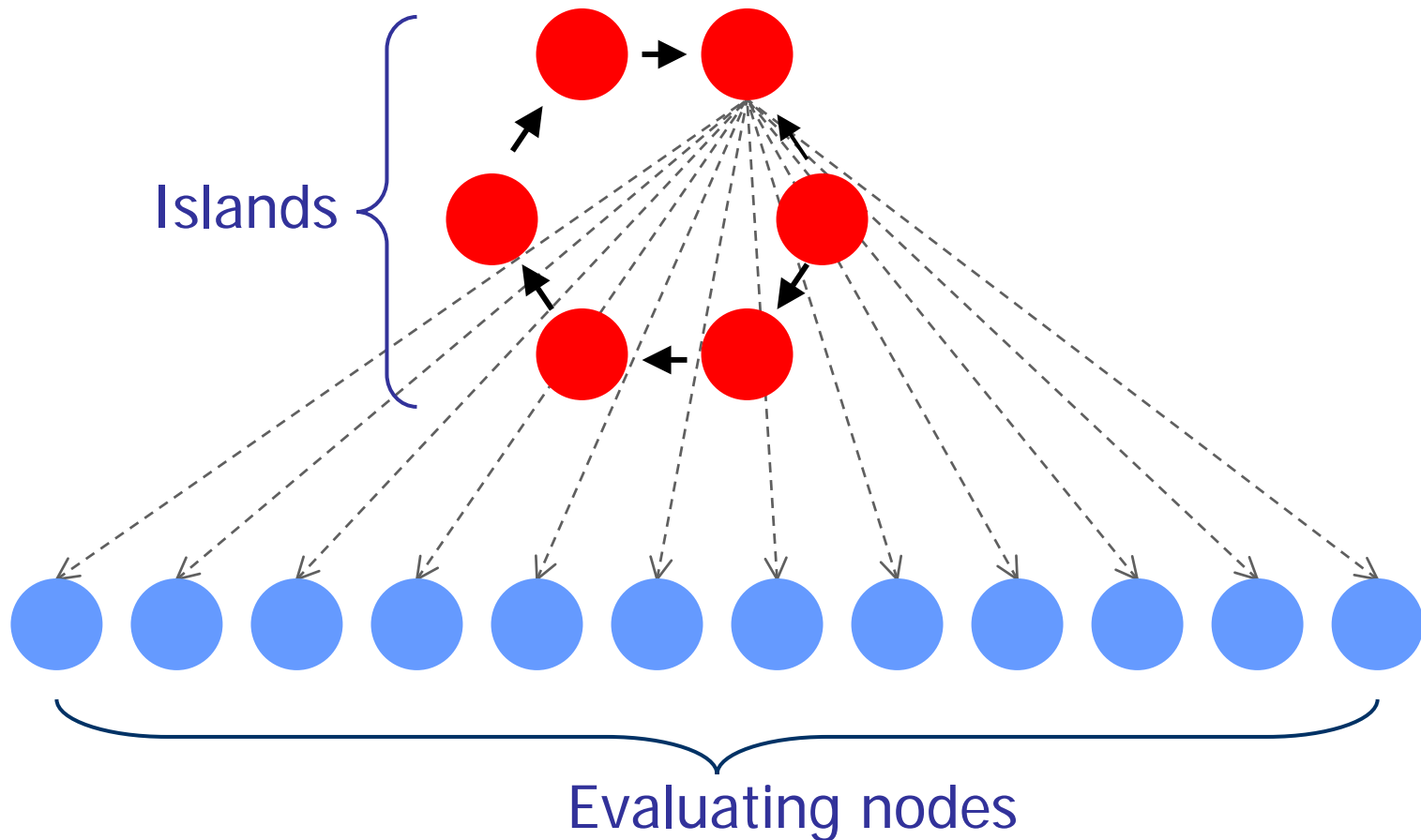
« **DistEvalEA.conf** »

```
svalbard.eudil.fr 0 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/eval/MasterDistEvalEA  
gotland.eudil.fr 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/eval/SlaveDistEvalEA  
wolin.eudil.fr 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/eval/SlaveDistEvalEA  
124.12.45.97 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/eval/SlaveDistEvalEA  
124.12.45.90 1 ${EOHOME}/tutorial/eval/SlaveDistEvalEA
```

- Run

→ `mpirun -p4pg DistEvalEA.conf MasterDistEvalEA`

Towards the design of hybrid models





On the previous example

```
eoEasyEA <Indi> gga (genCont, eval, select,  
transform, replace) ;
```

```
...
```

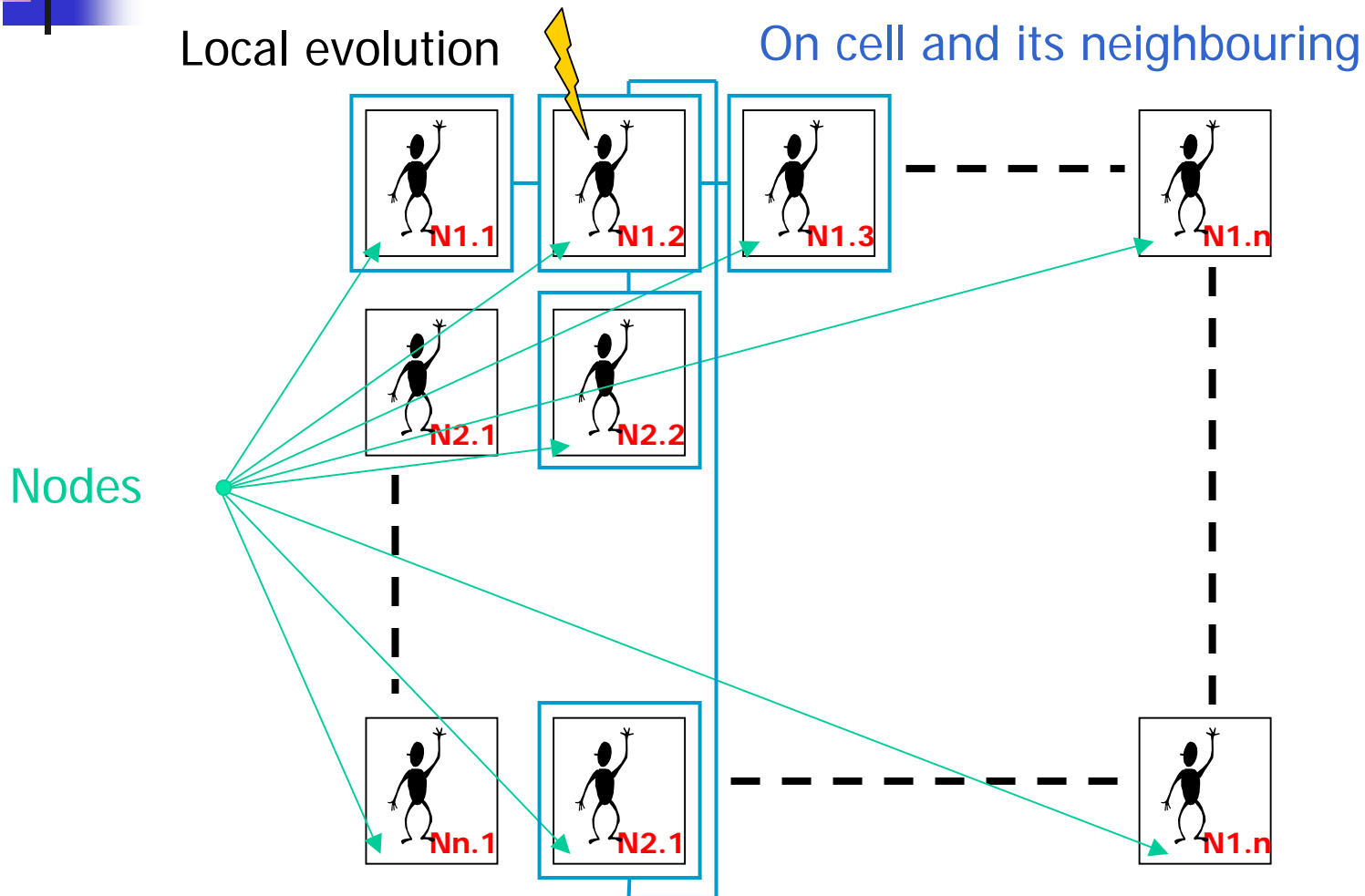
```
eoIslandsEasyEA <Indi> islgga ("Mars",  
listen, conn, gga, cycl_cont, sel, repl) ;
```

```
...
```

```
eoDistEvalEasyEA <Indi> dist_gga (listen,  
islgga, "Jupiter") ;
```

```
dist_gga (pop) ;
```

The cellular model : How does it work on a toric grid ?





The cellular model

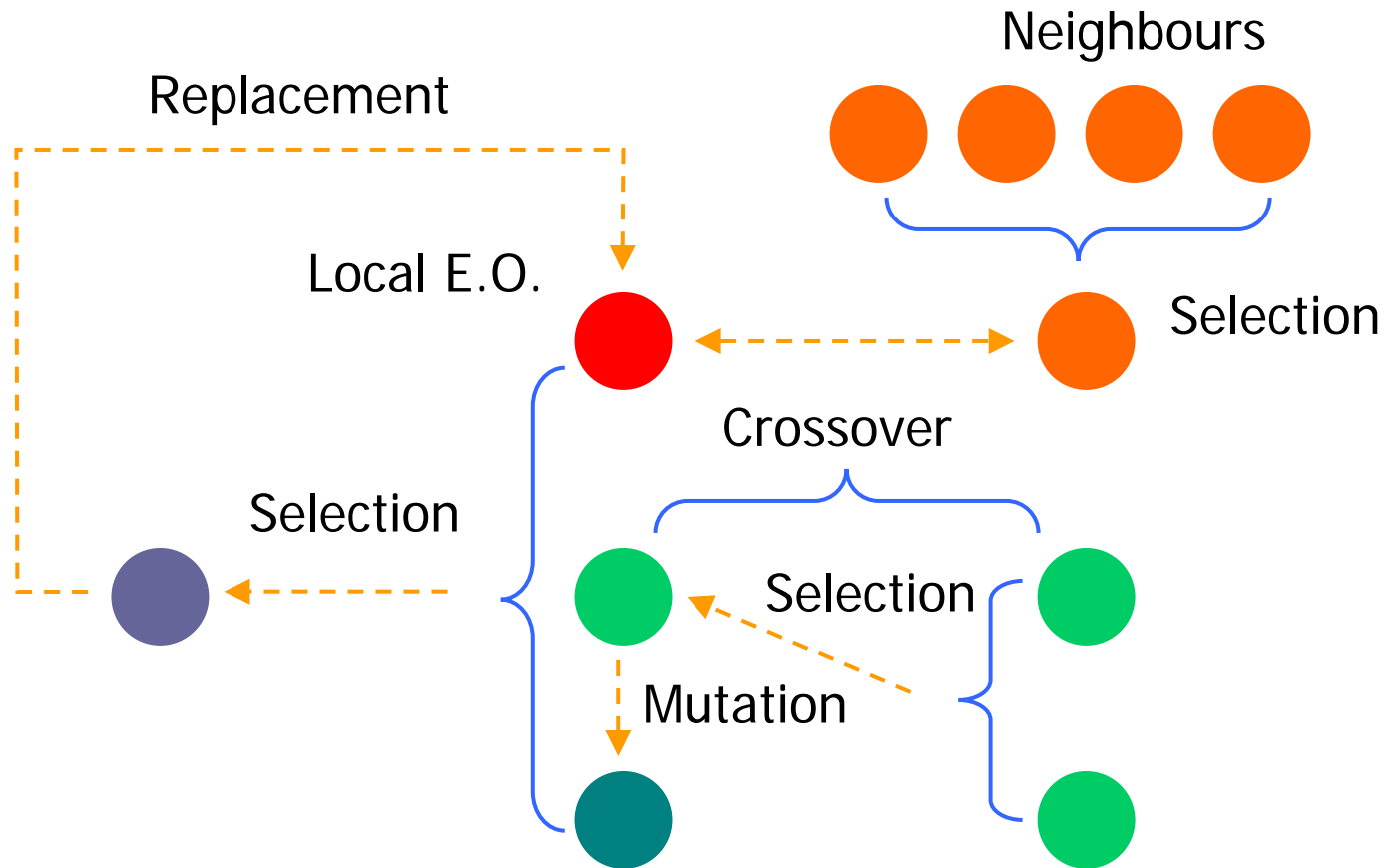
- A totally distributed approach
 - Only one distributed population on a grid of nodes (One solution/ node)
 - Notion of neighborhood
 - Each solution evolves regarding to its neighbouring
- The local work
 - Selection of an individual among the neighborhood
 - Crossover / Mutation
 - Replacement



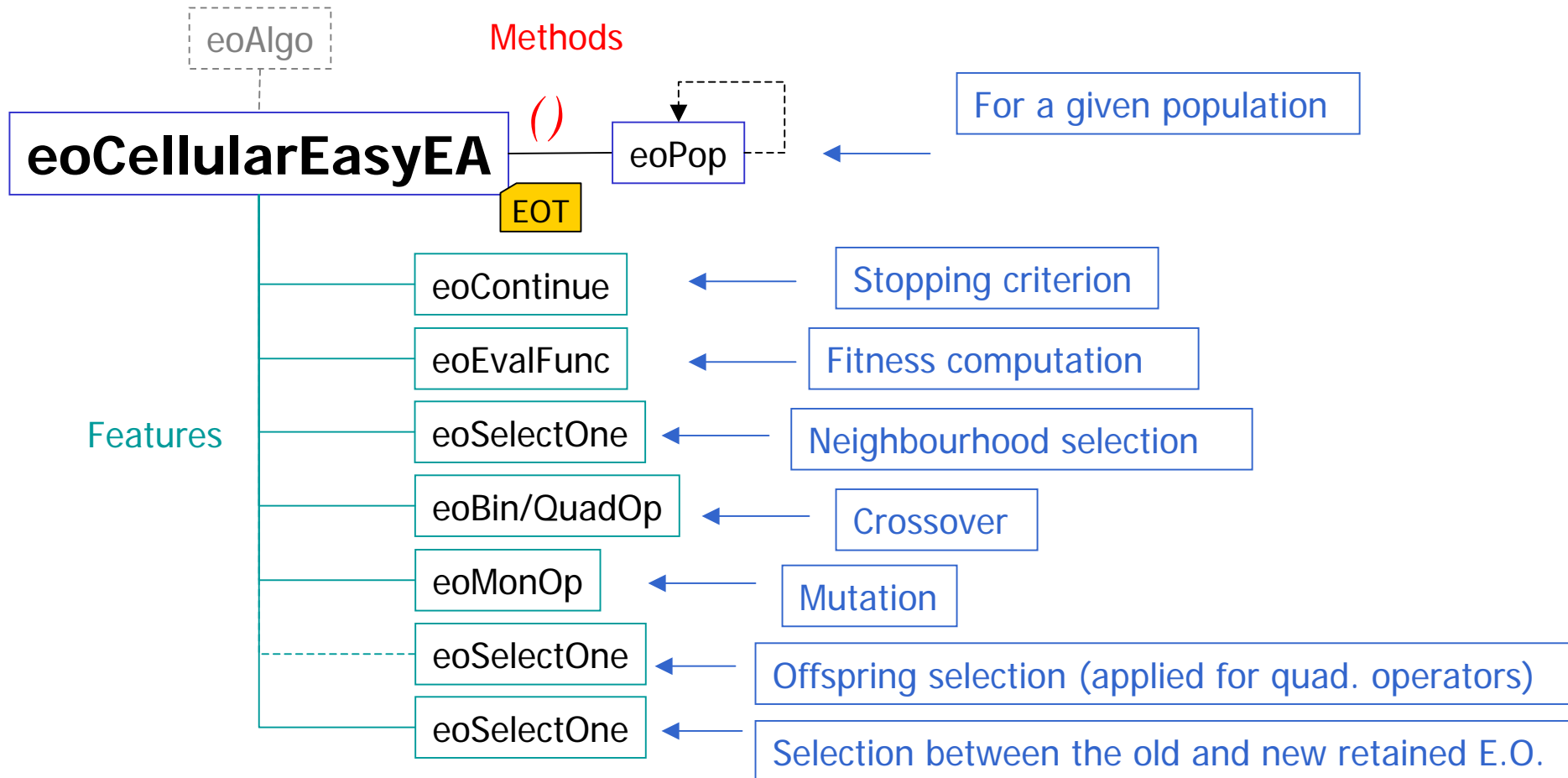
Contribution

- A particularly well-fitted model to massively parallel architectures (**fine granularity**)
 - Less and less used in favor to SMP et COW/NOW
- Still used on sequential computers
 - Local selection involves a slower **convergence**, and also a **best exploration** of the search space

A diagram of a local evolution



The cellular model with EO



The « OneMax » problem again

The « CellularEA.cpp » file

```
eo1PtBitXover<Indi> xover ;
```

Quadratic recombination operator

```
eoBitMutation<Indi> mutationBitFlip (P_MUT_PER_BIT);
```

Mutation

```
eoGenContinue<Indi> genCont(MAX_GEN);
```

The continuation criterion

```
eoBestSelect <Indi> select ;
```

Elitist selection

```
eoToroidalCellularEasyEA <Indi> gga (genCont,  
eval,  
select,  
xover1,  
mutationBitFlip,  
select,  
select) ;
```

Selection applied to
the offspring

```
gga(pop) ;
```

Applied for a square-size
population

Selection between the old/new E.O.